

# Climate Change Resilience Modeling of the North Santiam River Basin

## Introduction

The North Santiam river basin is located in the Willamette River watershed in western Oregon. Like other rivers around the world, it is at risk of degradation due to climate change. Funding to mitigate this degradation is limited; therefore, prioritization is necessary to identify those portions of the watershed that are most at risk. In summer 2016, Sandra Coveny, LLC modeled the resilience of the watershed using Geographic Information Systems (GIS) based techniques.

## Method

The analysis consisted of a multi-criteria decision analysis using a simplified Analytic Hierarchy Process. For each pixel in a modeled riparian buffer, a resilience score was computed by raster addition of four classified category rasters: water, aquatic, terrestrial, and riparian. The composite score was dubbed the "WATR" score. The category rasters were each similarly derived by raster addition of several classified datasets. The simplified process is depicted in the flowchart below.

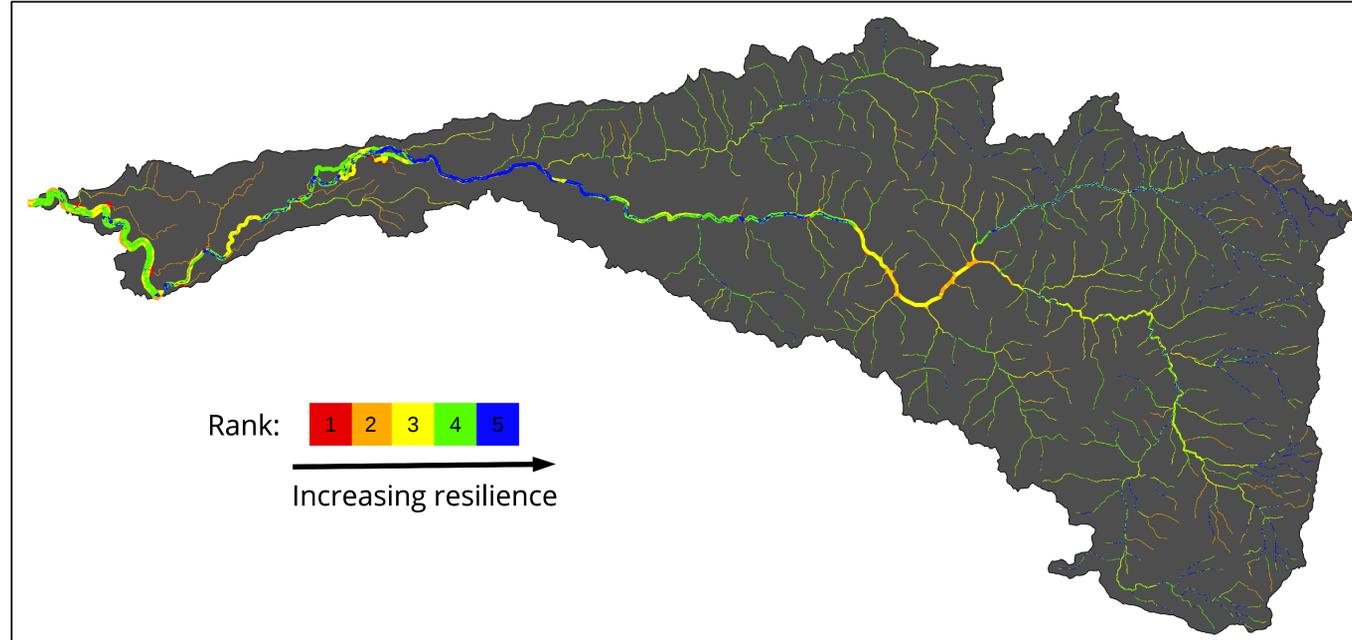
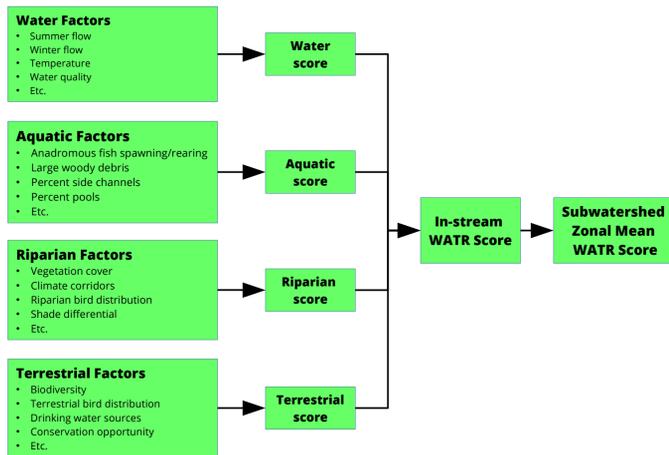


Figure 1. In-stream WATR Score

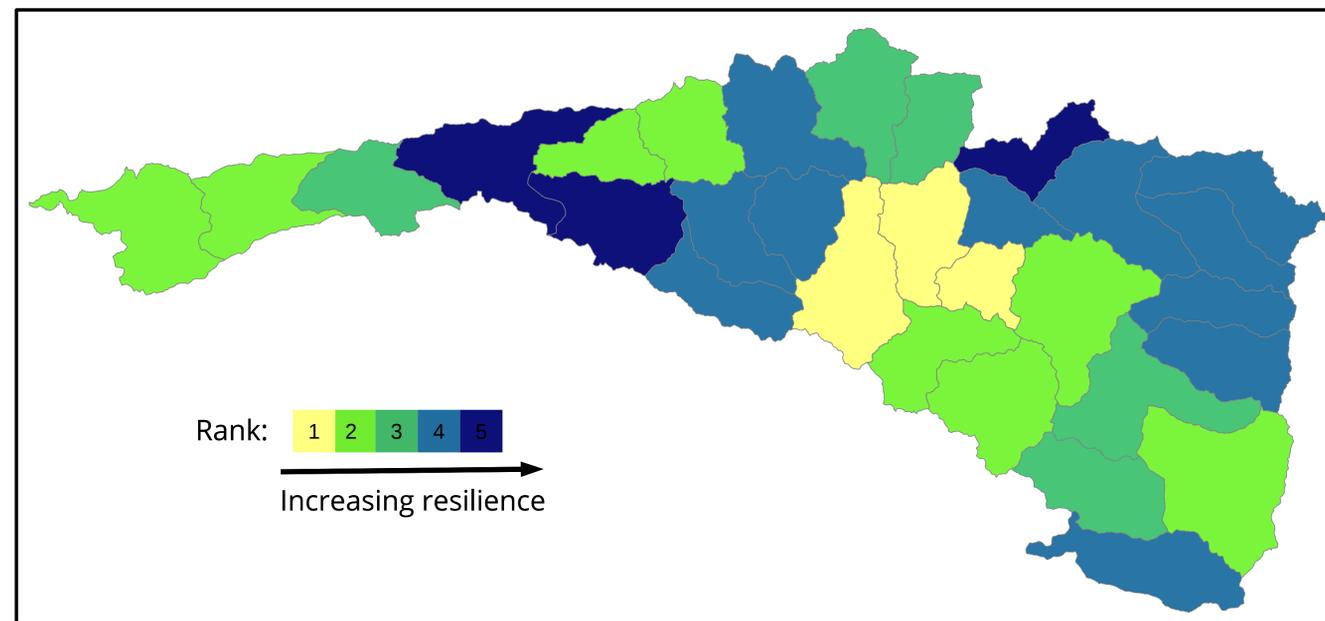


Figure 2. Subwatershed Zonal Mean WATR Score

## Method (continued)

The in-stream WATR score is depicted in Figure 1. Using the in-stream WATR raster, the zonal mean WATR score was computed for each subwatershed in the North Santiam basin. The zonal mean score is depicted in Figure 2. The analysis was implemented using ArcMap and ModelBuilder. The portion of the model used to compute the Terrestrial category score is shown below.

